

# Saving for College



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## **Custodial Accounts (UTMA/UGMA)**

Assets in a custodial account belong to the minor. Any income earned in a custodial account is taxed to the minor. A custodian, usually an adult relative, controls the assets until the minor reaches the age set by state law (21 in most states).

Assets in a custodial account can be used to pay for education expenses for the minor.

## **Savings Bond Interest Exclusion**

#### **Exclusion Rules**

Interest from qualified savings bonds redeemed by the taxpayer can be excluded from income if:

- The taxpayer paid qualified education expenses during the year for the taxpayer, spouse, or a dependent claimed on the taxpayer's return.
- Filing status is not Married Filing Separate.

If proceeds from the redemption (interest and principal) are more than adjusted qualified education expenses, only a percentage of the interest is excludable.

**Example:** Marty redeemed qualified bonds for \$10,000, including accrued interest of \$5,500. He paid \$8,000 of qualified education expenses during the year. His excludable interest is:

\$5,500	×	\$8,000 \$10,000	=	\$4,400 tax-free interest
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#### **Income Limit**

The exclusion is reduced if income is \$99,500 or more (\$149,250 if married filing a joint return). No exclusion is allowed if your income is more than \$114,500 (\$179,250 if married filing a joint return).

#### **Qualified Savings Bonds**

• Series EE bonds issued after 1989 and Series I bonds.

- Issued to a person who was age 24 before the bond's issue date printed on the front of the bond. The issue date is the first day of the month in which the bond was purchased (for example, a bond purchased on May 25 has a May 1 issue date).
- Issued in the name of the taxpayer and/or spouse. There can be no other co-owners, including the taxpayer's child. The bond can have a pay-on-death (POD) beneficiary, including a child.

# Qualified Tuition Plans (QTPs) & Educational Savings Accounts (ESAs)

#### **QTP and ESATax Benefits**

Contributions to a QTP or ESA are not deductible on your federal return. Earnings accumulate tax free. Distributions are not taxable if less than the beneficiary's adjusted qualified education expenses in the year of distribution. Contributors can contribute to both a QTP and an ESA in the same year for the same designated beneficiary.

Note: QTPs are also called college savings plans or 529 plans.

#### **Qualified Expenses**

**Higher education expenses.** Higher education expenses for both QTPs and ESAs relate to enrollment or attendance at an eligible postsecondary school.

- Tuition, fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for enrollment or attendance of the designated beneficiary at an eligible institution. Qualified expenses do not include courses involving sports, games, or hobbies, unless part of the student's degree program.
- Expenses for special needs services of a beneficiary with special needs incurred in connection with enrollment or attendance.
- Room and board for students enrolled at least half time in a degree or certificate program. Expenses are limited to



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the room and board allowance included in the cost of attendance set by the school for financial aid purposes or the actual cost of campus housing, if greater.

**Note:** Most colleges and universities set room and board allowances for students who live on campus, off campus, and with parents. Check the school's financial aid website for costs of attendance.

The purchase of computer or peripheral equipment, computer software, or internet access and related services is a qualified expense. These items must be primarily used by the beneficiary during any of the years the beneficiary is enrolled at an eligible educational institution. The computer software must have a predominantly educational nature.

### **QTPs only.** Qualifying expenses for QTPs include:

- Expenses paid for books, fees, supplies, and equipment required for participation in a registered apprenticeship program.
- Principal or interest payments on any qualified education loan of the beneficiary (or sibling) up to a cumulative maximum of \$10,000 per beneficiary.
- For distributions made after July 5, 2025, certain postsecondary credentialing expenses (such as continuing education).

**K-12 education expenses.** Qualified expenses include expenses for enrollment or attendance at an eligible elementary or secondary school.

**QTPs.** Qualified K-12 expenses cannot exceed \$10,000 per beneficiary per year. For distributions made after July 5, 2025, qualified expenses include certain supplies, materials, and other fees.

#### **ESAs.** For ESAs, the following expenses qualify:

- Tuition, fees, books, supplies and equipment, academic tutoring, special needs services.
- Room and board, uniforms, transportation, supplementary items and services, including extended day programs if required or provided by the school.
- The purchase of computer technology, equipment, or internet access and related services is a qualified K-12 education expense if it is to be used by the beneficiary and the beneficiary's family during any of the years the beneficiary is in elementary or secondary school. This does not include computer software unless predominantly educational.

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Taxpayers should seek professional tax advice for more information.

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#### **Adjustments**

Qualified expenses are reduced by:

- Tax-free assistance (scholarships, fellowships, grants, employer-provided assistance, veterans benefits, and any other nontaxable payments except gifts or inheritances).
- Amounts used to compute an education credit or deduction.

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QTP and ESA Contributions					
Qualified Tuition Programs	Coverdell Education Savings Accounts				
Description					
State or educational institution programs that allow prepayments or contributions to an account for paying a student's qualified education expenses at an eligible institution.	Accounts similar to Roth IRAs used to pay qualified education expenses of a designated beneficiary.				
Ownership					
Any U.S. citizen or resident with a valid SSN, including the beneficiary. Owner and beneficiary do not need to be related. Certain types of entities may also open an account if the plan allows.	Beneficiary or parent.				
Age Limit					
None.	No contributions once beneficiary is 18. Balance must be distributed at age 30. Age limits do not apply to beneficiaries with special needs.				
Contribution Limits					
No annual limit.     Cannot exceed the anticipated qualified education expenses of the beneficiary.	\$2,000 per beneficiary, no matter how many ESAs are set up for that beneficiary or how many individuals contribute.				
Contributors					
Any individual, including the beneficiary or entity.     No income limits.	Any individual, including the beneficiary, subject to income limits. Any entity, such as a corporation or trust, not subject to income limits.				
Deadline					
None.	April 15, 2026, for 2025 contributions.				

# **Contact Us**

There are many events that occur during the year that can affect your tax situation. Preparation of your tax return involves summarizing transactions and events that occurred during the prior year. In most situations, treatment is firmly established at the time the transaction occurs. However, negative tax effects can be avoided by proper planning. Please contact us in advance if you have questions about the tax effects of a transaction or event, including the following:

- Pension or IRA distributions.
- Significant change in income or deductions.
- Job change.
- Marriage.
- Attainment of age 59½ or 73.
- Sale or purchase of a business.
- Sale or purchase of a residence or other real estate.
- Retirement.
- Notice from IRS or other revenue department.
- Divorce or separation.
- Self-employment.
- Charitable contributions of property in excess of \$5,000.